Federal Compliance Audit

County of Androscoggin, Maine

December 31, 2022



Proven Expertise & Integrity

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DECEMBER 31, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners County of Androscoggin Auburn, Maine

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Androscoggin, Maine, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Count of Androscoggin, Maine's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Androscoggin, Maine as of December 31, 2022 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County of Androscoggin, Maine and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County of Androscoggin, Maine's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatements of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Androscoggin, Maine's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise doubt about the County of Androscoggin, Maine's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and pension and OPEB information on pages 5 through 13 and 65 through 72 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Androscoggin, Maine's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and capital asset schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purpose of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including

comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, capital asset schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

RHR Smith & Company

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 29, 2023, on our consideration of the County of Androscoggin, Maine's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Androscoggin, Maine's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County of Androscoggin, Maine's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Buxton, Maine

September 29, 2023

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2022

(UNAUDITED)

The following management's discussion and analysis of County of Androscoggin, Maine's financial performance provides an overview of the County's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the County's financial statements.

Financial Statement Overview

The County of Androscoggin's basic financial statements include the following components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes required supplementary information which consists of the general fund budgetary comparison schedule, pension information, OPEB information and other supplementary information which includes combining and other schedules.

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include financial information in two differing views: the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. These basic financial statements also include the notes to financial statements that explain in more detail certain information in the financial statements and also provide the user with the accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide a broad view of the County's operations in a manner that is similar to private businesses. These statements provide both short-term as well as long-term information in regards to the County's financial position. These financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus takes into account all revenues and expenses associated with the fiscal year regardless of when cash is received or paid. The government-wide financial statements include the following two statements:

The Statement of Net Position - this statement presents *all* of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference being reported as net position.

The Statement of Activities - this statement presents information that shows how the government's net position changed during the period. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

The above-mentioned financial statements have one column for the County's activity. The type of activity presented for the County of Androscoggin is:

• Governmental activities - The activities in this section are mostly supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (federal and state grants). All of the County's basic services are reported in governmental activities, which include superior court, district attorney, county commissioners, county treasurer, restitution specialist, county buildings, jail (support of prisoners), human resources, registry of deeds, registry of probate, auditing, sheriff, extension service, law enforcement death benefit, employee benefits, soil conservation, communications, insurances, emergency management agency, civil process, telecommunications and unclassified.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Androscoggin, like other local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financial related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County of Androscoggin can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds: All of the basic services provided by the County are financed through governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported in governmental activities in the government- wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources. They also focus on the balance of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information will be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements. This approach is known as the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this approach, revenues are recorded when cash is received or when susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when liabilities are incurred and due. These statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's finances to assist in determining whether there will be adequate financial resources available to meet the current needs of the County.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These

reconciliations are presented on the page immediately following each governmental fund financial statement.

The County of Androscoggin presents five columns in the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The County's major governmental funds are the general fund, jail fund, ARPA grant fund and deeds surcharge fund. All other funds are shown as nonmajor and are combined in the "Other Governmental Funds" column on these statements.

The general fund and jail fund are the only funds for which the County legally adopted a budget. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund provides a comparison of the original and final budget and the actual expenditures for the current year. The jail fund budget was legally adopted for the period ending June 30, 2021 and the Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - Jail Fund is reported in the Androscoggin County Jail Department report issued for the June 30, 2022 period.

Fiduciary Funds: These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County of Androscoggin. These funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds are much like that of proprietary funds. They use the accrual basis of accounting.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and the Fund Financial Statements. The Notes to Financial Statements can be found following the Statement of Changes in Net Position - Fiduciary Funds.

Required Supplementary Information

The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information, which includes a Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund, Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset), Schedule of Contributions - Pension, Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - Group Life, Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability - Health Plan, Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - Health Plan, Schedule of Contributions - OPEB - Group Life and Health Plan and Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information follows the required supplementary information. These combining and other schedules provide information in regards to nonmajor funds, capital asset activity and other detailed budgetary information for the general fund.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Our analysis below focuses on the net position and changes in net position of the County's governmental activities. The County's total net position increased by \$6,327,178 from a deficit balance of \$14,895,718 to a deficit balance of \$8,568,540.

Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements - decreased to a deficit balance of \$29,107,411 at the end of this year.

Table 1 County of Androscoggin, Maine Net Position December 31,

	2022	2021
Assets:		
Current Assets	\$ 17,627,937	\$ 13,746,127
Noncurrent Assets - Capital Assets	6,773,903	2,532,994
Total Assets	24,401,840	16,279,121
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	1,247,558	1,527,445
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	9,412,450	7,123,910
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	10,660,008	8,651,355
Total Deferred Galliows of Resources	10,000,000	0,001,000
Liabilities:		
Current Liabilities	1,017,586	1,215,114
Noncurrent Liabilities	40,354,411	33,246,101
Total Liabilities	41,371,997	34,461,215
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Deferred Revenues	1,044,360	1,064,287
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	1,022,557	4,039,844
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB	191,474	260,848
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,258,391	5,364,979
Not Position (Deficit):		
Net Position (Deficit): Net Investment in Capital Assets	6,029,461	1,548,522
Restricted	14,509,410	10,488,590
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(29,107,411)	(26,932,830)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (8,568,540)	\$ (14,895,718)
Total Not Fusition (Delicit)	Ψ (0,300,340)	Ψ (17,030,710)

Revenues and Expenses

Revenues for the County's governmental activities increased by 6.48%, while total expenses increased by 17.37%. The main increase in revenues was in operating grants and contributions. The largest increases in expenses were in jail (support of prisoners) and employee benefits.

Table 2 County of Androscoggin, Maine Change in Net Position For The Years Ended December 31,

	2022	2021
Bassassas		
Revenues		
Program Revenues:	Φ 4.000.040	Φ 0.004.400
Charges for services	\$ 1,238,842	\$ 2,221,103
Operating grants and contributions	3,122,647	2,111,185
General Revenues:		
Taxes	11,542,977	10,816,380
Other grants/contracts	11,679,340	10,815,105
Interest income	79,961	26,076
Miscellaneous	133,882	115,521
Total Revenues	27,797,649	26,105,370
Expenses		
Superior court	13,370	6,115
District attorney	734,828	699,113
County commissioners	187,072	176,540
County treasurer	166,072	160,460
Restitution specialist	69,303	67,049
County buildings	387,779	407,553
Jail (support of prisoners)	8,152,485	7,296,229
Human resources	4,337	4,800
Registry of deeds	193,806	191,801
Registry of probate	205,176	178,683
Auditing	11,300	13,200
Sheriff	2,021,414	2,048,699
Extension service	51,154	45,000
Law enforcement death benefit	25,005	17,942
Employee benefits	5,038,186	3,544,457
Soil conservation	10,500	14,000
Communications	801,527	798,906
Insurances	100,151	89,740
Emergency management agency	188,317	201,911
Civil process	250,856	242,738
Information technology	144,386	149,038
Unclassified	2,628,776	1,870,821
TAN interest	22,261	24,337
Unallocated depreciation (Note 5)	62,410	43,634
Total Expenses	21,470,471	18,292,766
Change in Net Position (Deficit)	6,327,178	7,812,604
Net Position (Deficit) - January 1	(14,895,718)	(22,708,322)
Net Position (Deficit) - December 31	\$ (8,568,540)	\$ (14,895,718)

Financial Analysis of the County's Fund Statements

Governmental funds: The financial reporting focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information may be useful in assessing the County's financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's financial position at the end of the year and the net resources available for spending.

Table 3
County of Androscoggin, Maine
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
December 31,

					I	ncrease/
		2022		2021		Decrease)
General Fund:						
Nonspendable	\$	103,971	\$	7,567	\$	96,404
Assigned		200,000		200,000		-
Unassigned		1,384,878		1,027,696		357,182
Total General Fund	\$	1,688,849	\$	1,235,263	\$	453,586
Jail Fund:						
Nonspendable	\$	41,778	\$	_	\$	41,778
Restricted		-		271,187		(271,187)
Unassigned (Deficits)		(201,957)		-		(201,957)
Total Jail Fund	\$	(160,179)	\$	271,187	\$	(431,366)
ARPA Grant Fund: Restricted		3,473,493		9,422,527		4,050,966
Total ARPA Grant Fund	\$13,473,493		\$ 9,422,527			4,050,966
Deeds Surcharge Fund: Restricted	\$	304,230	\$	280,172	\$	24,058
Total Deeds Surcharge Fund	\$	304,230	\$	280,172	\$	24,058
Total Deeds Suicharge Fund	Ψ_	304,230	Ψ_	200,172	Ψ_	24,030
Nonmajor Funds: Special Revenue Funds:						
Restricted	\$	501,876	\$	232,867	\$	269,009
Unassigned (Deficits) Capital Projects Funds:		(276,955)		(88,606)		(188,349)
Restricted		229,811		281,837		(52,026)
Total Nonmajor Funds	\$	454,732	\$	426,098	\$	28,634

The changes to total fund balances for the general fund, the jail fund, the deeds surcharge fund and all aggregate nonmajor funds occurred due to the regular activity of operations.

The change in total fund balance of the ARPA grant fund was due to the receipt of American Relief Funds in the later part of the fiscal year resulting in the large increase in the restricted fund balance for this fund.

Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the original and final budget for the general fund was due to the adjustment for the jail budget's year end.

The general fund actual revenues were below budgeted amounts by \$1,853,178. Most revenue categories were below budgeted amounts with the exception of taxes – municipalities ,interest income and transfers from other funds.

The general fund actual expenditures were under budgeted amounts by \$2,774,963. All expenditure categories were within or under budgeted amounts with the exception of superior court, county buildings, registry of probate, employee benefits, law enforcement death benefit and information technology.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

As of December 31, 2022, the net book value of capital assets recorded by the County increased by \$4,240,909 over the prior year. This increase was due to current year additions of \$4,736,931 less depreciation expense of \$496,022.

Table 4
County of Androscoggin, Maine
Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)
December 31,

	2022	2021		
Land Buildings and improvements Furniture, fixtures, machinery,	\$ 2,199,600 3,290,987	\$ 809,900 261,297		
equipment and vehicles Total	1,283,316 \$ 6,773,903	1,461,797 \$ 2,532,994		

Debt

At December 31, 2022, the County had \$744,442 in notes from direct borrowings payable versus \$984,472 from the prior year. Refer to Note 7 of Notes to Financial Statements for more detailed information.

Currently Known Facts, Decisions or Conditions

The County has also noted a subsequent event as a currently known fact. Refer to Note 21 of Notes to Financial Statements for more detailed information.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The County's unassigned fund balance is at a level sufficient to sustain government operations for a period of approximately three months.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the County Treasurer's Office at 2 Turner Street, Auburn, Maine 04210.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,307,669
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	32,604
Due from other governments	141,915
Prepaid items	144,892
Inventory	857
Total current assets	17,627,937
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Land and other assets not being depreciated Depreciable assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total noncurrent assets	2,199,600 4,574,303 6,773,903
TOTAL ASSETS	24,401,840
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	1,247,558
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	9,412,450
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	10,660,008
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 35,061,848

STATEMENT A (CONTINUED)

COUNTY OF ANDROSCOGGIN, MAINE

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities	
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	215,240
Accrued expenses		250,822
Due to other governments		245,031
Current portion of long-term obligations		306,493
Total current liabilities		1,017,586
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:		
Notes from direct borrowings payable		504,556
Accrued compensated absences		377,438
Net pension liability (asset)		2,436,368
Net OPEB liability	3	7,036,049
Total noncurrent liabilities	4	0,354,411
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4	1,371,997
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred revenues		1,044,360
Deferred inflows related to pensions		1,022,557
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		191,474
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		2,258,391
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)		
Net investment in capital assets		6,029,461
Restricted		4,509,410
Unrestricted (deficit)		9,107,411)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)		(8,568,540)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
AND NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$ 3	5,061,848

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes Program Revenues in Net Position Operating Capital Total Charges for Grants and Grants and Governmental Functions/Programs Expenses Services Contributions Contributions Activities Governmental activities: \$ Superior court \$ 13,370 \$ \$ \$ (13,370)District attorney 734,828 15,391 (719,437)187,072 County commissioners (187,072)County treasurer 166,072 (166,072)Restitution specialist 69,303 (69,303)County buildings 387.779 55.000 (332,779)Jail (support of prisoners) 8,152,485 294,120 2,249,448 (5,608,917)Human resources 4,337 (4,337)Registry of deeds 193,806 302,516 108,710 205.176 Registry of probate (205, 176)Auditing 11,300 (11,300)Sheriff 2,021,414 316,279 (1,705,135)Extension service 51,154 (51,154)Employee benefits 5,038,186 (5,038,186)Soil conservation 10,500 (10,500)Communications 801,527 (801,527)Insurances 100.151 (100.151)Emergency management agency 188,317 (188,317)Civil process 250,856 192,648 (58,208)25,005 Law enforcement death benefit (25,005)Information technology 144,386 15.000 (129,386)Unclassified 47,888 (1,707,689)2,628,776 873,199 TAN interest 22,261 (22,261)Unallocated depreciation (Note 5)* 62,410 (62,410)\$ 1,238,842 \$ 3,122,647 \$ Total government \$21,470,471 (17,108,982)

^{*} This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various programs.

STATEMENT B (CONTINUED) COUNTY OF ANDROSCOGGIN, MAINE

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities
Changes in net position: Net (expense) revenue	(17,108,982)
General revenues:	
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	11,542,977
Other grants/contracts	11,679,340
Interest income	79,961
Miscellaneous	133,882
Total general revenues	23,436,160
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	6,327,178
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - JANUARY 1	(14,895,718)
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - DECEMBER 31	\$ (8,568,540)

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	General Fund	Jail Fund	ARPA Grant Fund	Deeds Surcharge Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,847,143	\$ -	\$ 13,080,142	\$ 336,265	\$ 44,119	\$17,307,669
Accounts receivables (net of						
allowance for uncollectibles)	32,604	-	-	-	-	32,604
Due from other governments	30,556	111,359	-	-	-	141,915
Prepaid items	103,114	41,778	-	-	-	144,892
Inventory	857	-	-	-	-	857
Due from other funds	296,409	941,254	396,770	4,506	707,059	2,345,998
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 4,310,683	\$ 1,094,391	\$ 13,476,912	\$ 340,771	\$ 751,178	\$19,973,935
LIABILITIES	A 440.040	Φ 04.000	Φ 0.440	•	Φ 07	Φ 045040
Accounts payable	\$ 146,948	\$ 64,836	\$ 3,419	\$ -	\$ 37	\$ 215,240
Accrued expenses	127,044	87,237	-	36,541	-	250,822
Accrued compensated absences	- 245 024	111,359	-	-	-	111,359
Due to other governments Due to other funds	245,031 2,049,589	-	-	-	296,409	245,031 2,345,998
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,568,612	263,432	3,419	36,541	296,446	3,168,450
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,300,012	203,432	3,419	30,341	290,440	3,100,430
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred revenues	53,222	991,138	_	_	_	1,044,360
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	53,222	991,138				1,044,360
			·	-	-	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)						
Nonspendable	103,971	41,778	-	-	-	145,749
Restricted	-	-	13,473,493	304,230	731,687	14,509,410
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	200,000	-	-	-	-	200,000
Unassigned	1,384,878	(201,957)			(276,955)	905,966
TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	1,688,849	(160,179)	13,473,493	304,230	454,732	15,761,125
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF					.	•
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$ 4,310,683	\$ 1,094,391	\$13,476,912	\$ 340,771	\$ 751,178	\$ 19,973,935

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Total
	Governmental
	Funds
Total fund balances	\$ 15,761,125
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation	6,773,903
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Pension	1,247,558
OPEB	9,412,450
Long-term obligations shown below, are not due and payable in the current	
period and therefore are not reported in the funds shown above:	
Notes from direct borrowings payable	(744,442)
Accrued compensated absences	(332,686)
Net pension liability/(asset)	(2,436,368)
Net OPEB liability	(37,036,049)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are not	
financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Pension	(1,022,557)
OPEB	(191,474)
Net position (deficit) of governmental activities	\$ (8,568,540)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	General	Jail	ARPA	Deeds Surcharge	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Grant	Fund	Funds	Funds
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 11,542,977	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,542,977
Intergovernmental revenues	1,163,571	2,249,448	10,515,769	-	873,199	14,801,987
Charges for services	890,593	294,120	-	54,129	-	1,238,842
Interest income	67,343	-	9,492	1,023	2,103	79,961
Miscellaneous revenues	43,968	89,914				133,882
TOTAL REVENUES	13,708,452	2,633,482	10,525,261	55,152	875,302	27,797,649
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Superior court	13,370	-	-	-	-	13,370
District attorney	733,137	-	-	-	-	733,137
County commissioners	187,072	-	-	-	-	187,072
County treasurer	166,072	-	-	-	-	166,072
Restitution specialist	69,303	-	-	-	-	69,303
County buildings	387,779	-	-	-	-	387,779
Jail (support of prisoners)	-	8,115,281	-	-	-	8,115,281
Human resources	4,337	-	-	-	-	4,337
Register of deeds	193,806	-	-	-	-	193,806
Register of probate	205,176	-	-	-	-	205,176
Auditing	11,300	-	-	-	-	11,300
Sheriff	1,866,727	-	-	-	-	1,866,727
Extension service	51,154	-	-	-	-	51,154
Employee benefits	2,758,547	-	-	-	-	2,758,547
Soil conservation	10,500	-	-	-	-	10,500
Communications	801,527	-	-	-	-	801,527
Insurances	100,151	-	-	-	-	100,151
Emergency management agency	188,317	-	-	-	-	188,317
Civil process	250,856	-	-	-	-	250,856
Law enforcement death benefit	25,005	-	-	-	-	25,005
Information technology	144,386	-	-	-	-	144,386
Unclassified	50,250	-	6,474,295	31,094	810,068	7,365,707
Debt service:						
TAN interest	22,261					22,261
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	8,241,033	8,115,281	6,474,295	31,094	810,068	23,671,771
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)	5 407 440	(5.404.700)	4.050.000	04.050	05.004	4 405 070
EXPENDITURES	5,467,419	(5,481,799)	4,050,966	24,058	65,234	4,125,878
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	100,000	5,050,433	-	-	63,400	5,213,833
Transfers (out)	(5,113,833)				(100,000)	(5,213,833)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(5,013,833)	5,050,433			(36,600)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	453,586	(431,366)	4,050,966	24,058	28,634	4,125,878
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JANUARY 1	1,235,263	271,187	9,422,527	280,172	426,098	11,635,247
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - DECEMBER 31	\$ 1,688,849	\$ (160,179)	\$ 13,473,493	\$ 304,230	\$ 454,732	\$ 15,761,125

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Statement E)	\$ 4,125,878
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Statement B) are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense allocated to those expenditures over the life of the assets:	
Capital asset acquisitions	4,736,931
Depreciation expense	<u>(496,022)</u> 4,240,909
Deferred outflows of resources are a consumption of net position by the government that are applicable to a future reporting period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Pension	(279,887)
OPEB	2,288,540
	2,008,653
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position	240,030
Deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net position by the government that are applicable to a future reporting period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Pension	3,017,287
OPEB	69,374
	3,086,661
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Accrued compensated absences	(33,711)
Net pension liability/(asset)	(2,729,360)
Net OPEB liability	(4,611,882)
	(7,374,953)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Statement B)	\$ 6,327,178

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Total	
	Custodial	
	Funds	
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	364,164
Due from other governments		1,014,183
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,378,347
		_
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	26,650
TOTAL LIABILITIES		26,650
NET POSITION		
Restricted		1,351,697
TOTAL NET POSITION		1,351,697
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	1,378,347

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Total Custodial Funds
REVENUE Charges for services Interest income Other TOTAL REVENUE	\$ 179,535 92 309,388 489,015
EXPENSE Program charges TOTAL EXPENSE	481,465 481,465
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION	7,550
NET POSITION, JANUARY 1	1,344,147
NET POSITION, DECEMBER 31	\$ 1,351,697

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The County of Androscoggin was incorporated under the laws of the State of Maine. The County operates under the County Manager-Commissioner form of government and provides the following services: superior court, district attorney, county commissioners, county treasurer, restitution specialist, county buildings, jail (support of prisoners), human resources, registry of deeds, registry of probate, auditing, sheriff, extension service, employee benefits, soil conservation, communications, insurances, emergency management agency, civil process, law enforcement death benefit, telecommunications and unclassified.

The County's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

The County's combined financial statements include all accounts and all operations of the County. We have determined that the County has no component units as described in GASB Statement No. 14 and amended by GASB Statements No. 39 and No. 61.

Implementation of New Accounting Standards

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the following statements of financial accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board became effective:

Statement No. 98 "The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report". This Statement establishes the term annual comprehensive financial report and its acronym ACFR. That new term and acronym replace instances of comprehensive annual financial report and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The County's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the County as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the County's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. All other activities of the County are categorized as governmental.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resources basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The County's net position is reported in three parts - net investment in capital assets, restricted net position and unrestricted net position. The County first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the County's functions and business-type activities (general government, public safety, etc.) excluding fiduciary activities. The functions are also supported by general revenues (property taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, miscellaneous revenues, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. For the most part, the interfund activity has been eliminated from these government-wide financial statements. The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenues (taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues and charges for services, etc.).

The County does not allocate indirect costs. All costs are charged directly to the corresponding department.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the County as an entity and the change in the County's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Measurement Focus - Basic Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the County are reported in the individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The following fund types are used by the County:

1. Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the County:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Major Funds

- a. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- b. The Jail Fund is another operating fund of the County that was established by state statutes. It is used to account for the revenues and expenditures of the jail.
- c. The ARPA Grant Fund is a major special revenue fund. It is used to account for the revenues and expenditures related to the American Rescue Plan Act.
- d. The Deeds Surcharge Fund is a major special revenue fund. It is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for Deeds.

Nonmajor Funds

- e. Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.
- f. Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment.

2. Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support County programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and are reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type (custodial). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenses of either the fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. Accrual

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

2. Modified Accrual

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

Budget

The County's policy is to adopt an annual budget for operations of the General Fund. The budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

The following procedures are followed in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- 1. Early in the second half of the year the County prepares a budget for the fiscal year beginning January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the County Commissioners was called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after public notice of the meeting was given.
- 3. The budget was adopted subsequent to passage by the County Commissioners.

Deposits and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of twelve months or less from the date of acquisition.

It is the County's policy to value investments at fair value. None of the County's investments are reported at amortized cost. The County Treasurer is authorized by State Statutes to invest all excess funds in the following:

- Obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities
- Certificates of deposit and other evidence of deposits at banks, savings and loan associations and credit unions
- Repurchase agreements
- Money market mutual funds

The County of Androscoggin has no formal investment policy but instead follows the State of Maine Statutes.

Receivables

Receivables include amounts due for services provided. All receivables are current and therefore due within one year. Receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts and revenues net of uncollectibles. Allowances are reported when accounts are proven to be uncollectible. The allowance for uncollectible accounts is estimated to be \$0 as of December 31, 2022. Accounts receivable netted with allowances for uncollectible accounts were \$174,519 for the year ended December 31, 2022.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and are valued at cost. Under the consumption method, the costs of inventory items are recognized as expenditures when used. In the general fund, inventory consists of office supplies. The cost value is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives.

The assets are valued at historical cost when available and estimated historical cost where actual invoices or budgetary data was unavailable. Donated capital assets are reported at their estimated fair market value on the date received. All retirements have been recorded by eliminating the net carrying values.

Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and improvements 20 - 50 years Machinery and equipment 3 - 50 years Vehicles 3 - 25 years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Long-term Obligations

The accounting treatment of long-term obligations depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist of notes from direct borrowings payable, accrued compensated absences, net pension liability and net OPEB liability.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Participating Local District (PLD) Consolidated Plan and additions to/deductions from the PLD Consolidated Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the PLD Consolidated Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the County's OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Maine Public Employees Retirement System OPEB Plan (the Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, management received and relied on an actuarial report provided to them by the Maine Municipal Employees Health Trust (MMEHT), which determined the County's fiduciary net position as a single employer defined benefit plan based on information provided solely by MMEHT to complete the actuarial report. Additions to/deductions from the MMEHT OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MMEHT. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for those assets and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components - nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable - This includes amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - This includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or the laws or regulations of other governments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Committed - This includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the inhabitants of the County. Please refer to the budgeting process for the authority for committing items within the budget.

Assigned - This includes amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The authority for assigning fund balance is expressed by the County Commissioners.

Unassigned - This includes all other spendable amounts. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Other governmental funds besides the general fund can only report a negative unassigned fund balance amount.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the County meeting vote has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB are reported in the statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Deferred revenues qualify for reporting in this category. This item is reported in both the statements of net position and governmental funds balance sheet. Deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB qualify for reporting in this category as well. These items are reported only in the statement of net position. All items in this category are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue Recognition - Property Taxes - Modified Accrual Basis

The County's property tax for the current year was assessed based on the values obtained by the State of Maine for all real and personal property located in the County. Property taxes were to be paid in one installment with a due date of September 1, 2022. Interest will begin accruing at rate of 3% after 60 days from the due date.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. Available includes those property tax receivables expected to be collected within sixty days after year end. All property taxes were collected prior to December 31, 2022.

Program Revenues

Program revenues include all directly related income items applicable to a particular program (charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, operating or capital grants and contributions, including special assessments).

Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The County does not utilize encumbrance accounting for its general fund.

Use of Estimates

During the preparation of the County's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent items as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The County follows state statutes for the investment of funds, which authorize the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, other States and Canada, provided such securities are rated within the three highest grades by an approved rating service of the State of Maine, corporate stocks and bonds within statutory limits, financial institutions, mutual funds and repurchase agreements. These apply to all County funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Deposits:

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the County will not be able to recover its deposits. The County does not have a policy covering custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the County maintains deposits in qualifying financial institutions that are a member of the FDIC or NCUSIF as defined in Title 30-A, Section 5706 of the Maine Revised Statutes.

At December 31, 2022, the County's cash balance of \$17,671,833 was comprised of bank deposits amounting to \$15,340,690. Bank deposits are adjusted primarily by outstanding checks and deposits in transit to reconcile to the County's cash balance. Of these deposits, \$15,228,224 were insured by federal depository insurance and consequently not exposed to custodial credit risk. Of the remaining deposits, \$112,466 was collateralized by an irrevocable stand-by letter of credit.

		Bank
Account Type	<u>E</u>	Balance
Checking accounts	\$	193,225
NOW Checking accounts		679,010
Savings accounts		325,945
ICS accounts	14	4,142,510
	\$ 15	5,340,690

Investments:

Custodial credit risk for investments is that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. Currently, the County does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for investments.

Interest rate risk - is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from fluctuations in interest rates.

At December 31, 2022, the County had \$0 of investments.

Credit risk - Statutes for the State of Maine authorize the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, other States and Canada, provided such securities are rated within the three highest grades by an

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

approved rating service of the State of Maine, corporate stocks and bonds within statutory limits, financial institutions, mutual funds and repurchase agreements. The County does not have an investment policy on credit risk. Generally, the County invests excess funds in savings accounts and various certificates of deposit.

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund balances at December 31, 2022 consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

eceivables Due from)	Payables(Due to)
296,409 941,254	\$ 2,049,589
396,770	-
4,506	-
477,248	296,409
229,811	
2,345,998	\$ 2,345,998
	296,409 941,254 396,770 4,506 477,248 229,811

The result of amounts owed between funds are considered to be in the course of normal operations by the County. Reconciliation of the amounts owed between funds may or may not be expected to be repaid within one year in their entirety due to the recurring nature of these transactions during operations.

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers at December 31, 2022 consisted of the following:

	Transfers <u>In</u>	Transfers Out
General Fund Jail Fund Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	\$ 100,000 5,050,433 17,400 46,000 \$ 5,213,833	\$ 5,113,833 - - 100,000 \$ 5,213,833

Interfund transfers are the results of legally authorized activity and are considered to be in the course of normal operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Balance,	A 1 11.0	5	Balance,			
	1/1/22	Additions	Disposals	12/31/22			
Governmental activities Non-depreciated assets:							
Land	\$ 809,900	\$ 1,389,700	\$ -	\$ 2,199,600			
Total	809,900	1,389,700	_	2,199,600			
		-					
Depreciated assets:							
Buildings/improvements	11,631,902	3,168,851	-	14,800,753			
Vehicles	1,308,236	172,380	-	1,480,616			
Machinery/equipment	1,720,201	6,000	-	1,726,201			
Furniture/fixtures	190,653			190,653			
	14,850,992	3,347,231	-	18,198,223			
Less accumulated depreciation	(13,127,898)	(496,022)		(13,623,920)			
	1,723,094	2,851,209	_	4,574,303			
Net capital assets	\$ 2,532,994	\$ 4,240,909	\$ -	\$ 6,773,903			
	Current year d	epreciation					
	Jail			\$ 37,204			
	District attor	ney		1,691			
	Sheriff's dep	394,717					
	County-wide	•					
	Total deprecia	tion expense		\$ 496,022			

NOTE 6 - SHORT-TERM DEBT

On January 3, 2022, the County issued a tax anticipation note to provide liquidity for governmental operations financed by property taxes, which are collected in annual payments due September 1. The note, a line of credit, allowed principal draws up to \$6,000,000 at 1.24% interest per annum with a maturity date of December 26, 2022.

Short-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 is as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Balance			Balance)
	1/1/22	Additions	Deletions	12/31/22	2
Tax anticipation note	\$	 \$ 6,000,000	\$ (6,000,000)	\$	

On October 25, 2021, the note was paid in full. Interest expense for the note was \$22,261.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The General Fund of the County is used to pay for all long-term debt. A summary of long-term debt for the year ended December 31, 2022 is as follows:

	alance, 1/1/22	Ad	Iditions	 Deletions	Balance, 12/31/22	Current Portion
Notes from direct borrowings payable	\$ 984,472	\$	-	\$ (240,030)	\$ 744,442	\$ 239,886

The following is a summary of outstanding notes from direct borrowings payable for the year ended December 31, 2022:

\$45,426 Capital Lease for office equipment with a fixed interest rate varying from 3.52% to 4.80% per annum. Due in monthly principal and interest payments of \$834. Maturity in July of 2023.	\$ 5,763
\$31,078 Capital Lease for a Sheriff's Department vehicle with a fixed interest rate of 3.32% per annum. Due in annual principal and interest payments of \$8,158. Maturity in January of 2023.	7,895
\$44,745 Capital Lease for a Sheriff's Department vehicle with a fixed interest rate of 2.78% per annum. Due in annual principal and interest payments of \$11,671. Maturity in April of 2023.	11,355
\$44,890 Capital Lease for a Sheriff's Department vehicle with a fixed interest rate of 2.78% per annum. Due in annual principal and interest payments of \$11,709. Maturity in April of 2023.	10,467
\$41,700 Capital Lease for a Sheriff's Department vehicle with a fixed interest rate of 2.78% per annum. Due in annual principal and interest payments of \$10,877. Maturity in April of 2023.	10,582
\$610,207 Capital Lease for a Sheriff's Department radio equipment with a fixed interest rate of 3.35% per annum. Due in annual principal and interest payments of \$70,536. Maturity in February of 2029.	433,718
\$59,949 Capital Lease for a Sheriff's Department vehicle with a fixed interest rate of 2.25% per annum. Due in annual principal and interest payments of \$15,491. Maturity in December of 2023.	15,150

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

\$99,218 Capital Lease for a Sheriff's Department vehicle with a fixed interest rate of 2.25% per annum. Due in annual principal and interest payments of \$25,638. Maturity in December of 2023.	25,075
\$100,169 Capital Lease for a Sheriff's Department radio tower with a fixed interest rate of 2.25% per annum. Due in annual principal and interest payments of \$20,945. Maturity in January of 2025.	41,007
\$13,278 Capital Lease for a Sheriff's Department for radio equipment with a fixed interest rate of 2.25% per annum. Due in annual principal and interest payments of \$2,776. Maturity in January of 2025.	6,739
\$29,958 Capital Lease for a Sheriff's Department vehicle with a fixed interest rate of 2.29% per annum. Due in annual principal and interest payments of \$7,750. Maturity in October of 2024.	14,984
\$39,453 Capital Lease for a Sheriff's Department vehicle with a fixed interest rate of 2.29% per annum. Due in annual principal and interest payments of \$10,201. Maturity in October of 2024.	19,722
\$46,058 Capital Lease for a Sheriff's Department vehicle with a fixed interest rate of 2.29% per annum. Due in annual principal and interest payments of \$11,928. Maturity in November of 2024.	23,061
\$46,058 Capital Lease for a Sheriff's Department vehicle with a fixed interest rate of 2.29% per annum. Due in annual principal and interest payments of \$11,928. Maturity in November of 2024.	23,061
\$39,562 Capital Lease for a Sheriff's Department vehicle with a fixed interest rate of 2.29% per annum. Due in annual principal and interest payments of \$10,246. Maturity in November of 2024.	19,809
\$47,611 Capital Lease for a Sheriff's Department vehicle with a fixed interest rate of 2.50% per annum. Due in annual principal and interest payments of \$12,362. Maturity in January of 2025.	35,305
\$54,953 Capital Lease for a Sheriff's Department vehicle with a fixed interest rate of 2.50% per annum. Due in annual principal and interest payments of \$14,268. Maturity in January of 2025.	40,749
Total notes from direct borrowings payable	\$ 744,442

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of outstanding notes from direct borrowings principal and interest requirements for the following years ending December 31:

						Total
	F	Principal		nterest	Debt Service	
2023	\$	239,886	\$	22,437	\$	262,323
2024		156,804		16,134		172,938
2025		109,001		11,885		120,886
2026		61,825		8,710		70,535
2027		63,897		6,639		70,536
2028-2032		113,029		6,785		119,814
	\$	744,442	\$	72,590	\$	817,032

All notes from direct borrowings payable are direct obligations of the County, for which its full faith and credit are pledged. The County is not obligated for any special assessment debt. All debt is payable from taxes levied on all taxable property within the County.

NOTE 8 - OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A summary of other long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2022 is as follows:

	Balance, 1/1/22	Additions	Deletions	Balance, 12/31/22	Current Portion
Accrued compensated absences Net pension liability (asset) Net OPEB liability	\$ 410,334 (292,992) 32,424,167	\$ 33,711 3,219,885 7,872,214	\$ - (490,525) (3,260,332)	\$ 444,045 2,436,368 37,036,049	\$ 66,607
Totals	\$ 32,541,509	\$ 11,125,810	\$ (3,750,857)	\$ 39,916,462	\$ 66,607

Please see Notes 9, 15 and 16 for detailed information on each of the other long-term obligations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 9 - ACCRUED COMPENATED ABSENCES

The County's policy regarding vacation is to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded in the jail fund for the jail's portion as a liability but for all other funds it is recorded as a long-term obligation in the government-wide financial statements. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources, while the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred. At December 31, 2022, the County reported a liability of \$440,045.

NOTE 10 - NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is the calculation of the net investment in capital assets for the County at December 31, 2022:

Invested in capital assets	\$ 20,397,823
Accumulated depreciation	(13,623,920)
Outstanding capital related debt	 (744,442)
	\$ 6,029,461

NOTE 11 - RESTRICTED NET POSITION

At December 31, 2022, the County had the following restricted net position:

ARPA Fund	\$ 13,473,493
Deeds Surcharge Fund	304,230
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (Schedule D)	501,876
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds (Schedule F)	229,811
	\$ 14,509,410

NOTE 12 - NONSPENDABLE FUND BALANCES

At December 31, 2022, the County had the following nonspendable fund balances:

General Fund:	
Prepaid Items	\$ 103,114
Inventory	857
Jail Fund:	
Prepaid Items	 41,778
	\$ 145,749

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 13 - RESTRICTED FUND BALANCES

At December 31, 2022, the County had the following restricted fund balances:

ARPA Fund	\$ 13,473,493
Deeds Surcharge Fund	304,230
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (Schedule D)	501,876
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds (Schedule F)	229,811
	\$ 14,509,410

NOTE 14 - ASSIGNED FUND BALANCES

At December 31, 2022, the County had the following assigned fund balances:

General Fund:

For use in FY23 budget \$ 200,000

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

MAINE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

PARTICIPATING LOCAL DISTRICT CONSOLIDATED PLAN

Plan Description

County employees contribute to the Maine Public Employees Retirement System (MainePERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Maine State Legislature. Title 5 of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Participating Local District (PLD) Consolidated Plan's advisory group, which reviews the terms of the plan and periodically makes recommendations to the Legislature to amend the terms. The Maine Public Employees Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Consolidated Plan. That report may be obtained online at www.mainepers.org or by contacting the System at (207) 512-3100.

Benefits Provided

The Maine Public Employees Retirement System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The System's retirement programs provide defined retirement benefits based on members' average final compensation and service credit earned as of retirement. Vesting (i.e., eligibility for benefits upon reaching qualification) occurs upon

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

the earning of five years of service credit (effective October 1, 1999, the prior ten-year requirement was reduced by legislative action to five years for employees of PLDs). In some cases, vesting occurs on the earning of one year of service credit immediately preceding retirement at or after normal retirement age. For PLD members, normal retirement age is 60 or 65. The monthly benefit of members who retire before normal retirement age by virtue of having at least 25 years of service credit is reduced by a statutorily prescribed factor for each year of age that a member is below her/his normal retirement age at retirement. The System also provides disability and death benefits which are established by contract with PLD employers under applicable statutory provisions. As of June 30, 2022, there were 311 employers in the plan.

Upon termination of membership, members' accumulated employee contributions are refundable with interest, credited in accordance with statute. Withdrawal of accumulated contributions results in forfeiture of all benefits and membership rights. The annual rate of interest credited to members' accounts is set by the System's Board of Trustees and is currently 1.52%.

Contributions

Retirement benefits are funded by contributions from members and employers and by earnings on investments. Disability and death benefits are funded by employer normal cost contributions and by investment earnings. All County employees hired after June 30, 1997 are part of the following plans: law enforcement and corrections officer employees are part of the PLD's special plan "2C" and are required to contribute 8.40% of their annual salary, while all other employees are part of the PLD's plan "AC" and are required to contribute between 7.05% and 7.80% of their annual salary. Prior to July 1, 1997, all County employees were part of the PLD's special plan "1C". Employees in that group are also required to contribute 9.20% of their annual salary. The County is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate of 11.30% of special plan "2C" members' covered payroll, 10.30% of the plan "AC" members' covered payroll and 15.20% of special plan "1C" members' covered payroll. The contribution rates of plan members and the County are established and may be amended by the Maine Public Employee Retirement Systems advisory group. The County's contribution to the MainePERS PLD Consolidated Plan for the year ended December 31, 2022 was \$398,209.

Pension Liabilities

PLD Consolidated Plan

At December 31, 2022, the County reported a liability of \$2,436,368 for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities for the plan. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total pension liabilities used to calculate the

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

net pension liabilities was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liabilities were based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contributions to each pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all PLDs, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the County's proportion was 0.916495%, which was an increase of 0.004776% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the County recognized total pension revenue of \$561,023 for the PLD plan. At December 31, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	PLD Plan			
	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of	of Resources of Resource		Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	452,783	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		494,498		-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		-		1,022,557
Changes in proportion and differences				
between contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		89,639		-
Contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		210,638		
Total	\$	1,247,558	\$	1,022,557

\$210,638 for the PLD plan was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the years ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

	PLD
	 Plan
Year ended June 30:	
2023	\$ 392,390
2024	(223,040)
2025	(635,269)
2026	480,283
2027	-
Thereafter	-

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The respective collective total pension liability for the plans was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the following methods and assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal actuarial funding method is used to determine costs. Under this funding method, the total employer contribution rate consists of two elements: the normal cost rate and the unfunded actuarial liability (UAL) rate.

The individual entry age normal method is used to determine liabilities. Under the individual entry age normal method, a normal cost rate is calculated for each employee. This rate is determined by taking the value, as of age at entry into the plan, of the member's projected future benefits and dividing it by the value, also as of the member's entry age, of the member's expected future salary. The normal cost for each employee is the product of the member's pay and their normal cost rate. The normal cost for the group is the sum of the normal costs for all members.

Experience gains and losses, i.e., decreases or increases in liabilities and/or in assets when actual experience differs from the actuarial assumptions, affect the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Asset Valuation Method

The actuarial valuation employs a technique for determining the actuarial value of assets which reduces the impact of short-term volatility in the market value. The specific technique adopted in this valuation recognizes in a given year one-third of the investment return that is different from the actuarial assumption for investment return.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Amortization

The net pension liability of the PLD Consolidated Plan is amortized on a level percentage of payroll using a method where a separate twenty-year closed period is established annually for the gain or loss for that year.

Significant actuarial assumptions employed by the actuary for funding purposes as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Investment Rate of Return - 6.50% per annum for the year ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, compounded annually.

Salary Increases, Merit and Inflation - 2.75% -11.48%

Mortality Rates - Based on the 2010 Public Plan General Benefits-Weighted Healthy Retiree Mortality Table, for males and females, projected generationally using the RPEC_2020 model.

Cost of Living Benefit Increases - 1.91%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major class of assets. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table.

	PLD Plan		
		Long-term	
		Expected	
	Target	Real Rate of	
Asset Class	Allocation	Return	
Public equities	30.00%	6.00%	
US Government	7.50%	2.30%	
Private equity	15.00%	7.60%	
Real assets:			
Real estate	10.00%	5.20%	
Infrastructure	10.00%	5.30%	
Natural resources	5.00%	5.00%	
Traditional credit	7.50%	3.20%	
Alternative credit	5.00%	7.40%	
Diversifiers	10.00%	5.90%	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the collective total pension liability was 6.50% for 2022 for the Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and non-employer entity contributions will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following table shows how the collective net pension liability as of June 30, 2022 would change if the discount rate used was one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate. The current rate is 6.50% for the Plan.

	Ī	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
PLD Plan: Discount rate		5.50%	6.50%	7.50%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	7,197,724	\$ 2,436,368	\$ (1,499,062)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

Each employer's share of the collective net pension liability is equal to the collective net pension liability (asset) multiplied by the employer's proportionate share as of June 30, 2022 as shown in the schedules of employer and non-employer contributing entity allocations. Changes in net pension liability are recognized in pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2022 with the following exceptions.

Differences between Expected and Actual Experience

The difference between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resource. For 2022 through 2020, this was three years for the PLD Consolidated Plan. For 2019, this was four years for the PLD Consolidated

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Plan. For 2018 and 2017, this was three years; prior to 2017, this was four years for the PLD Consolidated Plan.

Differences between Expected and Actual Investment Earnings

Differences between projected and actual investment earnings were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

Changes in Assumptions

Differences due to changes in assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or other inputs were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The actuarial assumptions used for the year ended June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2020. Please refer to the Actuarial Methods and Assumptions section for information relating to changes of assumptions. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

Changes in Proportion and Differences between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions

Differences resulting from a change in proportionate share of contributions and differences between total employer contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. Differences between total employer contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions may arise when an employer has a contribution requirement for an employer specific liability.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Additional financial and actuarial information with respect to the Plan can be found in the MainePERS' 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report available online at www.mainepers.org or by contacting the System at (207) 512-3100.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 16 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS

MAINE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Plan Description

County employees contribute to the Group Life Insurance Plan for Retired Participating Local District (PLD) (the PLD Consolidated Plan of the Maine Public Employees Retirement System (MainePERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan established by the Maine State Legislature. Title 5 of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Participating Local District Consolidated Plan's advisory group, which reviews the terms of the plan and periodically makes recommendations to the Legislature to amend the terms. As of June 30, 2022, there were 139 employers participating in the plan. The Maine Public Employees Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Consolidated Plan. That report may be obtained online at www.mainepers.org or by contacting the System at (207) 512-3100.

Benefits Provided

The Group Life Insurance Plan (the Plan) provides basic group life insurance benefits, during retirement, to retirees who participated in the Plan prior to retirement for a minimum of 10 years (the 10-year participation requirement does not apply to recipients of disability retirement benefits). The level of coverage in retirement is initially set to an amount equal to the retiree's average final compensation. The initial amount of basic life is then subsequently reduced at the rate of 15% per year to the greater of 40% of the initial amount or \$2.500.

Contributions

Life insurance benefits are funded by contributions from members and employers. Premium rates are those determined by the MainePERS's Board of Trustees to be actuarially sufficient to pay anticipated claims. For state employees, the premiums for retiree life insurance coverage are factored into the premiums paid for basic coverage while participants are active members. Premiums for basic life insurance coverage for retired teachers are paid by the State as the total dollar amount of each year's annual required contribution. PLD employers are required to remit a premium of \$0.46 per \$1,000 of coverage for covered active employees, a portion of which is to provide a level of coverage in retirement. PLD employers with retired PLD employees continue to remit a premium of \$0.48 per \$1,000 of coverage per month during the post-employment retired period. The County's contribution to the Plan for the year ended December 31, 2022 was \$13,478.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 16 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS (CONTINUED)

Proportionate Net OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At December 31, 2022, the County reported a liability of \$129,697 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liabilities for the Plan. The net OPEB liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total OPEB liabilities used to calculate the net OPEB liabilities was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net OPEB liabilities were based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contributions to the Plan relative to the projected contributions of all PLDs, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the County's proportion was 0.832772%, which was a decrease of 0.423496% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the County recognized net OPEB revenue of \$7,238. At December 31, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	PLD Life Insurance			
	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of R	of Resources of Resource		Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	5,867	\$	1,067
Changes of assumptions	*	10,029	*	37,662
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		10,428		-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate		, -		
share of contributions		10,539		64,481
Contributions subsequent to the		·		·
measurement date				
Total	\$	36,863	\$	103,210

\$0 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 16 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS (CONTINUED)

	PLD Li	PLD Life Insurance	
Plan year ended June 30:			
2023	\$	(9,674)	
2024		(16,787)	
2025		(18,173)	
2026		(1,783)	
2027		(9,137)	
Thereafter		(10,793)	

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The collective total OPEB liability for the Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the following methods and assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal actuarial funding method is used to determine costs. Under this funding method, the total employer contribution rate consists of two elements: the normal cost rate and the unfunded actuarial liability (UAL) rate.

The individual entry age normal method is used to determine liabilities. Under the individual entry age normal method, a normal cost rate is calculated for each employee. This rate is determined by taking the value, as of age at entry into the plan, of the member's projected future benefits and dividing it by the value, also as of the member's entry age, of his or her expected future salary. The normal cost for each employee is the product of his or her pay and his or her normal cost rate. The normal cost for the group is the sum of the normal costs for all members.

Experience gains and losses, i.e., decreases or increases in liabilities and/or in assets when actual experience differs from the actuarial assumptions, affect the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Asset Valuation Method

Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 16 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS (CONTINUED)

Amortization

The net OPEB liability of the Plan is amortized on a level percentage of payroll over a thirty-year period on a closed basis. As of June 30, 2022, there were 8 years remaining for the Plan.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study conducted for the period of July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2020.

Significant actuarial assumptions employed by the actuary for funding purposes as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Investment Rate of Return - For the PLD Plan, 6.50% per annum, compounded annually.

Inflation Rate - 2.75%

Annual Salary Increases including Inflation - For the PLD Plan, 2.75% to 11.48% per year.

Mortality Rates - For active members and non-disabled retirees of the Plan, the 2010 Public Plan General Benefits - Weighted Healthy Retiree Mortality Table, for males and females, projected generationally using the RPEC 2020 model is used.

Participation Rate for Future Retirees - 100% of those currently enrolled.

Conversion Charges - Apply to the cost of active group life insurance, not retiree group life insurance.

Form of Benefit Payment - Lump sum

The long-term expected rate of return on the Plan's investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major class of assets. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of long-term real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table. Assets for the defined benefit plan are comingled for investment purposes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 16 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS (CONTINUED)

		Long-term
		Expected
	Target	Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
Public equities	70.00%	6.00%
Real estate	5.00%	5.20%
Traditional credit	15.00%	3.00%
US Government securities	10.00%	2.30%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the collective total OPEB liability was 6.50% for 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined.

The following table shows how the collective net OPEB liability/(asset) as of June 30, 2022 would change if the discount rate used was one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate. The current rate is 6.50% for the PLD Plan.

	D	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	l	1% ncrease
PLD Life Insurance: Discount rate		5.50%	6.50%		7.50%
County's proportionate share of the net OPEB benefits liability	\$	163,698	\$ 120,612	\$	86,017

Changes in Net OPEB Liability

Each employer's share of the collective net OPEB liability is equal to the collective net OPEB liability multiplied by the employer's proportionate share as of June 30, 2022 as shown in the schedules of employer and non-employer contributing entity allocations. Changes in net OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense for the year ended June 30, 2022 with the following exceptions:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 16 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS (CONTINUED)

Differences between Expected and Actual Experience

The difference between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. There were no differences between expected and actual experience as of June 30, 2022.

Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments

Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

Changes in Assumptions

Differences due to changes in assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or other inputs are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

Changes in Proportion and Differences between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions

Differences resulting from a change in proportionate share of contributions and differences between total employer contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. Differences between total employer contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions may arise when an employer has a contribution requirement for an employer specific liability. There were no differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions as of June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 16 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS (CONTINUED)

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Additional financial and actuarial information with respect to the Plan can be found in the MainePERS' 2022 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report available online at www.mainepers.org or by contacting the System at (207) 512-3100.

MAINE MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES HEALTH TRUST

Plan Description

The County and County retirees contribute to the County's OPEB Plan with the Maine Municipal Employees Health Trust (MMEHT), a single employer defined benefit plan. Contributions and membership in this Plan are voluntary and may be terminated at any time by the County and/or the County retirees. MMEHT is a fully funded, self-insured trust which provides benefits to municipal and quasi-municipal organizations and county governments and acts as the agent to the County concerning administration of this Plan. Title 24-A Chapter 81 of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated authorizes the regulation of MMEHT as a Multiple Employer Welfare Arrangement by the State of Maine Bureau of Insurance. Benefits and plans are designed and governed by MMEHT participants and are administered by a number of third-party administrators contracted by MMEHT. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. MMEHT issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by MMEHT at (800) 852-8300.

Benefits Provided

This Plan provides medical/prescription drug benefits during retirement to Medicare and non-Medicare retirees and their surviving spouses with varying levels of benefits determined by voluntary plan selection by the retiree as well as applicable Medicare statutes and regulations. The Plan also provides an automatic life insurance benefit of \$2,000 to participants which includes a surviving spouse benefit for the same. The employee must meet the minimum requirement of age 55 with at least 5 years of service at retirement to be eligible for the Plan. The retiree must enroll when first eligible and continue coverage without interruption.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 16 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS (CONTINUED)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At January 1, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active members	118
Retirees and spouses	82
Total	200

Contributions

Retiree and spouse premium amounts are funded by the retiree at the rate for the coverage elected by the retiree. Premium rates are those determined by the MMEHT's Board of Trustees to be actuarially sufficient to pay anticipated claims. Premiums for retiree life insurance coverage are factored into the premiums paid for basic coverage. Retirees and spouses must contribute various percentages of the premium amounts if the former employee was non-Union upon retirement. The sponsoring employer pays the remainder of the premium for all other statuses. Medical benefits are provided for the life of the retiree and surviving spouses.

Retiree Premium Amounts

The following monthly premium amounts were reported on the individual data file. Actual plan election was reflected in expected retiree premium amounts.

<u>Pre-Medicare</u>	Single Coverage	Family Coverage
POS 200	\$919	\$2,061
POS C	\$962	\$2,158
PPO 500	\$886	\$1,988
<u>Medicare</u>		
Medicare eligible retirees	\$601	\$1,201

Total OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At December 31, 2022, the County reported a liability of \$36,915,437 for its total OPEB liability for this Plan. The total OPEB liability was measured as of January 1, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's total OPEB liability was based on the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method which does not reflect future changes in benefits, subsidies, penalties, taxes or administrative costs that may be required as a result of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010 (ACA) related legislation and regulations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 16 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$6,968,882. At December 31, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	MMEHT				
	Defe	rred Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
	of Resources		of R	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,416,163	\$		
Changes of assumptions	Φ	6,072,882	Φ	- 88,264	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		-	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		886,542		-	
Total	\$	9,375,587	\$	88,264	

\$886,542 were reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

		MMEHT
Plan year ended December 31:	-	
2023	\$	2,032,008
2024		1,930,926
2025		1,975,054
2026		842,254
2027		540,180
Thereafter		1,080,359

Discount Rate

The discount rate is the assumed interest rate used for converting projected dollar related values to a present value as of the valuation date of January 1, 2022. The discount rate determination is based on the high-quality AA/Aa or higher bond yields in effect for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds using the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index. The rate of 2.06% per annum for December 31, 2022 was based upon measurement date of December 30, 2021. The sensitivity of net OPEB liability to changes in discount rate are as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 16 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS (CONTINUED)

	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase
		1.06%		2.06%	3.06%
Total OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$	43,583,852	\$	36,915,437 -	\$ 31,632,555
Net OPEB liability	\$	43,583,852	\$	36,915,437	\$ 31,632,555
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%

Healthcare Trend

The healthcare trend is the assumed dollar increase in dollar-related values in the future due to the increase in the cost of health care. The healthcare cost trend rate is the rate of change in per capita health claim costs over time as a result of factors such as medical inflation, utilization of healthcare services, plan design and technological developments. The sensitivity of net OPEB liability to changes in healthcare cost trend rates are as follows:

		1% Decrease		Healthcare Trend Rates		1% Increase	
Total OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position		31,225,069	\$	36,915,437 -	\$	44,191,768 -	
Net OPEB liability	\$	31,225,069	\$	36,915,437	\$	44,191,768	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total OPEB liability for the Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022, using the following methods and assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 16 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method is used to determine costs. Under this funding method, a normal cost rate is determined as a level percent of pay for each active Plan member and then summed to produce the total normal cost for this Plan. The unfunded actuarial liability is the difference between the actuarial liability and the actuarial value of assets.

For medical and pharmacy, historical claims and census records were assembled and provided through June 30, 2021. Medicare and non-Medicare eligible medical and prescription experience were analyzed. It was assumed that current enrollment distribution of benefit options would remain constant in the future for retirees. The cost was distributed based on the current covered population and the actuary's standard age curves which vary by age, gender and Medicare status. Children costs are converted to a load on the non-Medicare retirees which implicitly assumes that future retirees will have the same child distribution as current retirees.

Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation were adopted by the Maine State Retirement Consolidated Plan for Participating Local Districts as of June 30, 2021 and based on the experience study covering the period from June 30, 2016 through June 30, 2020. As of January 1, 2022, they are as follows:

Discount Rate - 2.06% per annum for year end 2022 reporting. 2.12% per annum for year end 2021 reporting.

Trend Assumptions:

Medical Trend assumptions were developed using the Society of Actuaries (SOA) Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model. The SOA model was released in December 2007 and version 2022_fa was used for this valuation. The following assumptions were input into this model:

<u>Variable</u>	Rate
Rate of Inflation	2.40%
Rate of Growth in Real Income/GDP per capital 2031+	1.10%
Extra Trend due to Taste/Technology 2031+	1.00%
Expected Health Share of GDP 2031	19.00%
Health Share of GDP Resistance Point	20.00%
Year for Limiting Cost Growth to GDP Growth	2042

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 16 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS (CONTINUED)

The SOA Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model and its baseline projection are based on an econometric analysis of historical U.S. medical expenditures and the judgements of experts in the field. The long-run baseline projection and input variables have been developed under the guidance of the SOA Project Oversight Group.

The trends selected from 2022 to 2025 were based on plan design, population weighting, renewal projections and market analysis. For years 2026 to 2030, these are interpolated from 2025 to 2031 (which is the product of the inflation, GDP and extra trend rate assumptions).

Deductibles, Co-payments and Out of Pocket Maximums are assumed to increase at the above trend rates. The ultimate trend rate reflects an assumed nominal per capital GDP growth.

Administrative and claims expense: 3% per annum

Future plan changes: It is assumed that the current Plan and cost-sharing structure remains in place for all future years.

Retirement Rates - Rates vary for plans with no explicit employer subsidy (or payment) versus those plans defining an explicit employer subsidy (or payment). The rates are based on assumptions from the Maine State Retirement Consolidated Plan for Participating Local District at June 30, 2021.

Retirement Contribution Increases - Assumed to increase at the same rate as incurred claims. A constant cost sharing in plan design between employer and employee is assumed.

Family Enrollment Composition - For males, 50% of future retirees under the age of 65 and 50% of current retirees are married and elect spousal coverage while females are at 30% for both. 25% of male and female future retirees over the age of 65 are married and elect spousal coverage.

Age Difference of Spouses - Husbands are assumed to be 3 years older than wives.

Administrative expenses - Included in the per capita claims cost.

Disability Incidence - Disabled lives will be considered active employees and will not be valued separately.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 16 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS (CONTINUED)

Salary Increase Rate - 2.75% per year assumed using the level percentage of pay entry age method.

Dates of Hire - Needed to be assumed for some employees and will be based on the average age at hire for similar employees.

Rate of Mortality:

Healthy Annuitant- Based on 112% and 118.5% of the 2010 Public Plan General Benefits-Weighted Healthy Retiree Mortality Table, respectively, for males and females. The proposed rates are projected generationally using the RPEC_2020 model, with an ultimate rate of 1.00% for ages 80 and under, grading down to 0.05% at age 95 and further grading down to 0.00% at age 115, along with convergence to the ultimate rates in the year 2027. All other parameters used in the RPEC_2020 model are those included in the published MP-2020 scale. As prescribed by the Trust, mortality rates were taken from the assumptions for the Maine State Retirement Consolidated Plan for Participating Local Districts at June 30, 2021.

Active Employees - Rates of mortality are based on 83.5% and 88.6% of the 2010 Public Plan General Benefits- Weighted Employee Mortality Table, respectively, for males and females. These rates are generationally projected using the same version of the RPEC_2020 model as described in the healthy annuitant mortality. As prescribed by the Trust, mortality rates were taken from the assumptions for the Maine State Retirement Consolidated Plan for Participating Local Districts at June 30, 2021.

Retiree Continuation Percentage:

Medicare participant retirees - 100% assumed to continue in the plan elected

Pre-Medicare plan retirees and active participants - 75% assumed to continue coverage once Medicare-eligible

Pre-Medicare plan spouses and spouses of active participants - 50% assumed to continue coverage once Medicare-eligible

Changes in Net OPEB Liability

Changes in net OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense for the year ended June 30, 2022 with the following exceptions:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 16 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS (CONTINUED)

Differences between Expected and Actual Experience

The difference between expected and actual experience are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. The difference between expected and actual experience as of January 1, 2022 was \$2,416,163.

Changes in Assumptions

Differences due to changes in assumptions about future economic, demographic or claim and expense factors or other inputs are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation were adopted by the Maine State Retirement Consolidated Plan for Participating Local Districts as of June 30, 2021 and based on the experience study covering the period from June 30, 2016 through June 30, 2020. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

Differences between Projected and Actual Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments

Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Additional financial and actuarial information with respect to this Plan can be found at the County Finance Office at 2 Turner Street, Auburn, Maine 04210.

NOTE 17 - JAIL OPERATIONS

During its 2007 Fiscal Year, the State of Maine enacted legislation known as LD 2080 "An Act to Better Coordinate and Reduce the Cost of the delivery of State and County Correctional Services", located in Public Laws 2007, Chapter 653. This Act has in essence capped what Counties can assess their municipalities for taxes to fund their corrections budgets and will also establish the annual growth limitations for future corrections expenditures. A Board of Overseers at the State of Maine has been appointed to supervise county correction operations. The Act has raised many accounting and

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 17 - JAIL OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

auditing issues regarding both financial and budgetary reporting. It is the position of the County that it has addressed, to the best of its ability, these issues in its 2022 annual audit report.

At the present time issues such as the funding of accrued benefits; ownership and maintenance of correction assets; external funding of certain corrections operations; corrections capital / reserve funding and ownership and the treatment of net asset balances (deficits) have not been specifically addressed in this Act. However, we have included a liability and offsetting receivable from the State of Maine for accrued compensated absences that are expected to be paid by the State. If the State decides not to cover these amounts, the jail will be liable for them. Any financial and/or other impact on the County and the Jail Department cannot be determined at the time of the issuance of this report.

NOTE 18 - LETTER OF CREDIT

At December 31, 2022, the County has an outstanding irrevocable standby letter of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of Pittsburgh serving as collateral for its deposits held at TD, Bank, N.A. This letter of credit, which expires at the close of business on February 8, 2023, authorizes one draw only up to the amount of \$200,000. There were no draws for the year ended December 31, 2022.

NOTE 19 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the County either carries commercial insurance or participates in a public entity and self-insured risk pool sponsored by the Maine County Commissioners Association Self-Funded Risk Management Pool.

Based on the coverage provided by the insurance purchased, the County is not aware of any material actual or potential claim liabilities which should be recorded at December 31, 2022. The amount of settlements has not exceeded insurance coverage for each of the past three years and there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from that of the prior year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 20 - CONTINGENCIES

With regard to pending legal claims or any unasserted claims, it is not feasible at this time to predict or determine their outcome. Management believes, however, that settlement amounts, if any, will not have a material adverse effect on the County's financial position.

The County participates in various intergovernmental grant programs which may be subject to future program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Accordingly, the County's compliance with applicable grant requirement may be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of any liabilities arising from the disallowance of expenditures or ineligibility of grant revenues cannot be determined at this time.

NOTE 21 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On January 3, 2023, the County issued a tax anticipation note to provide liquidity for governmental operations financed by property taxes, which are collected in annual payments due September 1. The note, a line of credit, allowed principal draws up to \$6,000,000 at 4.67% interest per annum with a maturity date of December 26, 2023.

Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual -General Fund
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)
- Schedule of Contributions Pension
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Group Life
- Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability Health Plan
- Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Health Plan
- Schedule of Contributions OPEB Group Life and Health Plan
- Notes to Required Supplementary Information

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

				Variance	
	Budgeted	d Amounts	Actual	Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, January 1, Restated Resources (Inflows):	\$ 1,235,263	1,235,263	\$ 1,235,263	\$ -	
Taxes - municipalities	11,358,565	11,358,565	11,542,977	184,412	
Intergovernmental revenues	2,731,909	2,731,909	1,163,571	(1,568,338)	
Charges for services	1,344,601	1,344,601	890,593	(454,008)	
Interest income	20,000	20,000	67,343	47,343	
Miscellaneous	106,555	106,555	43,968	(62,587)	
Transfers from Other Funds	100,000	100,000	100,000	(02,507)	
Amounts Available for Appropriation	16,896,893	16,896,893	15,043,715	(1,853,178)	
Amounts Available for Appropriation	10,090,093	10,090,093	10,040,710	(1,000,170)	
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):					
Superior court	11,100	11,100	13,370	(2,270)	
District attorney	806,515	806,515	733,137	73,378	
County commissioners	197,171	197,171	187,072	10,099	
County treasurer	180,743	180,743	166,072	14,671	
Restitution specialist	72,049	72,049	69,303	2,746	
County buildings	378,610	378,610	387,779	(9,169)	
Human resources	5,100	5,100	4,337	763	
Registry of deeds	202,974	202,974	193,806	9,168	
Registry of probate	199,639	199,639	205,176	(5,537)	
Auditing	12,500	12,500	11,300	1,200	
Sheriff	1,912,685	1,912,685	1,866,727	45,958	
Extension service	51,154	51,154	51,154	-	
Employee benefits	2,472,745	2,472,745	2,758,547	(285,802)	
Soil conservation	14,000	14,000	10,500	3,500	
Communications	832,400	832,400	801,527	30,873	
Insurances	105,000	105,000	100,151	4,849	
Emergency management agency	206,200	206,200	188,317	17,883	
Civil process	260,190	260,190	250,856	9,334	
Law enforcement death benefit	25,000	25,000	25,005	(5)	
Information Technology	121,111	121,111	144,386	(23,275)	
Debt service:					
TAN interest	60,000	60,000	22,261	37,739	
Unclassified	50,250	50,250	50,250	-	
Transfers to other funds	7,684,494	7,684,494	5,113,833	2,570,661	
Total Charges to Appropriations	15,861,630	15,861,630	13,354,866	2,506,764	
Budgetary Fund Balance, December 31	\$ 1,035,263	\$ 1,035,263	\$ 1,688,849	\$ 653,586	
Utilization of unassigned fund balance	\$ 200,000	\$ 200,000	\$ -	\$ (200,000)	

See accompanying independent auditor's report and notes to financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
PLD Plan:								
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.92%	0.91%	0.84%	0.87%	0.86%	0.82%	0.84%	0.89%
Proportionate share of the net pension								
liability (asset)	\$2,436,368	\$ (292,992)	\$3,348,955	\$2,649,519	\$2,349,713	\$3,362,842	\$4,471,562	\$2,849,993
Covered payroll	\$4,226,733	\$4,226,733	\$4,954,790	\$4,916,840	\$4,536,299	\$4,403,707	\$4,285,185	\$3,923,173
Proportionate share of the net pension liability								
(asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	57.64%	-6.93%	67.59%	53.89%	51.80%	76.36%	104.35%	72.65%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of								
the total pension liability (asset)	93.26%	100.86%	88.35%	90.62%	91.14%	86.43%	86.40%	81.61%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 and are for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
PLD Plan:								
Contractually required contribution	\$ 398,209	\$ 342,060	\$ 550,158	\$ 541,187	\$ 530,797	\$ 448,507	\$ 509,966	\$ 430,266
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(398,209)	(342,060)	(550,158)	(541,187)	(530,797)	(448,507)	(509,966)	(430,266)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$3,923,944	\$3,533,552	\$ 5,244,781	\$5,196,014	\$ 4,747,875	\$4,536,299	\$4,398,335	\$4,044,026
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	10.15%	9.68%	10.49%	10.42%	11.18%	9.89%	11.59%	10.64%

 $^{^{\}star}\,$ The amounts presented for each fiscal are for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY GROUP LIFE LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
PLD Life Insurance:						
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.83%	1.26%	1.24%	1.19%	1.20%	1.13%
County's proportionate share of the net OPEB						
liability	\$ 120,612	\$ 129,697	\$ 163,050	\$ 254,562	\$ 242,502	\$ 189,165
Total	\$ 120,612	\$ 129,697	\$ 163,050	\$ 254,562	\$ 242,502	\$ 189,165
Covered payroll	\$4,226,733	\$4,226,733	\$4,954,790	\$4,916,840	\$4,536,299	\$4,403,707
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability						
as a percentage of its covered payroll	2.85%	3.07%	3.29%	5.18%	5.35%	4.30%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	56.15%	48.68%	55.40%	43.18%	43.92%	47.42%
no total of 22 habing	30.1070	.0.0070	30.1070	.0.1070	.0.0270	.7.1270

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 and are for those years for which information is available.

See accompanying independent auditor's report and notes to financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - HEALTH PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Increase (Decrease)

		Plan	
	Net OPEB	Fiduciary	Net OPEB
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
Balances at 1/1/21 (Reporting December 31, 2021)	\$32,294,470	\$ -	\$32,294,470
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	509,163	-	509,163
Interest	685,993	-	685,993
Changes of benefits	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	1,956,582	-	1,956,582
Changes of assumptions	2,364,857	-	2,364,857
Contributions - employer	-	895,628	(895,628)
Contributions - member	-	-	-
Net investment income	-	-	-
Benefit payments	(895,628)	(895,628)	-
Administrative expense			
Net changes	4,620,967		4,620,967
Balances at 1/1/22 (Reporting December 31, 2022)	\$36,915,437	\$ -	\$ 36,915,437

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS HEALTH PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability					
Service cost (BOY)	\$ 509,163	\$ 433,771	\$ 35,848	\$ 40,480	\$ 32,928
Interest (includes interest on service cost)	685,993	824,494	113,192	102,378	87,171
Changes of benefit terms		•	20,459,894		
Differences between expected and actual experience	1,956,582	-	1,310,056	-	294,762
Changes of assumptions	2,364,857	1,812,449	5,486,753	(264,796)	311,737
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(895,628)	(861,181)	(90,583)	(87,099)	(41,523)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$ 4,620,967	\$ 2,209,533	\$27,315,160	\$ (209,037)	\$ 685,075
Total OPEB liability - beginning	\$32,294,470	\$30,084,937	\$ 2,769,777	\$2,978,814	\$ 2,293,739
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$36,915,437	\$32,294,470	\$30,084,937	\$2,769,777	\$2,978,814
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	895,628	861,181	90,583	87,099	41,523
Contributions - member	-	-	-	-	-
Net investment income	-	-	-	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(895,628)	(861,181)	(90,583)	(87,099)	(41,523)
Administrative expense					
Net change in fiduciary net position					
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Net OPEB liability - ending	\$36,915,437	\$32,294,470	\$30,084,937	\$2,769,777	\$2,978,814
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Covered payroll Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ 5,938,547 621.6%	\$ 4,900,415 659.0%	\$ 4,900,415 613.9%	\$4,327,691 64.0%	\$4,327,691 68.8%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB - GROUP LIFE AND HEALTH PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
PLD Life Insurance:							
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ - 	\$ - 	\$ - 	\$ - 	\$ - 	\$ - 	\$ -
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 3,923,944	\$ 3,533,552	\$ 5,244,781	\$5,196,014	\$ 4,747,875	\$ 4,536,299	\$ 4,398,335
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018		
MMEHT:							
Employer contributions Benefit payments	\$ 895,628 (895,628)	\$ 861,181 (861,181)	\$ 90,583 (90,583)	\$ 87,099 (87,099)	\$ 41,523 (41,523)		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Covered payroll	\$ 5,938,547	\$ 4,900,415	\$ 4,900,415	\$ 4,327,691	\$ 4,327,691		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.08%	17.57%	1.85%	2.01%	0.96%		

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Changes of Assumptions

MEPERS PLD Pension Plan:

There have been no changes in assumptions.

MEPERS OPEB Plan:

There have been no changes in assumptions.

Maine Municipal Health Trust:

The discount rate was updated to reflect the December 30, 2021 Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index. The ultimate trend assumption was reduced to reflect the reduction in the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index.

The following demographic assumptions were updated based on the June 30, 2021 experience study:

Mortality, termination, retirement and salary rates.

The enrollment participation for plans with no employer subsidy was update for ages 65-70.

There was a change in the discount rate from 2.12% to 2.06% per GASB 75 discount rate selection. In addition, medical and prescription drug trend arrays were updated.

Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

- Schedule of Departmental Operations General Fund
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
- Combining Schedule of Net Position Fiduciary Funds Custodial Funds
- Combining Schedule of Changes in Net Position Fiduciary Funds -Custodial Funds
- Schedule of General Capital Assets by Function
- Schedule of Changes in General Capital Assets by Function

	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments	Final Budget	Actual Expenditures	Variance Positive (Negative)
SUPERIOR COURT					(23 2)
Witness fees	\$ 11,000	\$ -	\$ 11,000	\$ 13,280	\$ (2,280)
Other expenditures	100	φ - -	100	90	10
Total	11,100	- 	11,100	13,370	(2,270)
	11,100		11,100	10,070	(2,210)
DISTRICT ATTORNEY					
Personnel	526,969	-	526,969	517,161	9,808
Telephone	24,000	-	24,000	23,504	496
Utilities	12,000	=	12,000	17,775	(5,775)
Contracted services	38,067	-	38,067	41,431	(3,364)
Office supplies/printing/postage	17,478	-	17,478	16,511	967
Software/hardware	8,000	-	8,000	6,132	1,868
Court lease	54,122	-	54,122	51,722	2,400
Other expenditures	31,552	-	31,552	33,220	(1,668)
Victim advocate	79,727	-	79,727	360	79,367
Joint District Attorney	14,600		14,600	25,321	(10,721)
Total	806,515	<u>-</u>	806,515	733,137	73,378
COUNTY COMMISSIONERS					
Personnel	160,871	-	160,871	148,510	12,361
Contracted services	10,500	_	10,500	15,912	(5,412)
Telephone	1,300	_	1,300	827	473
Office supplies/printing/postage	5,600	_	5,600	3,230	2,370
Dues	13,000	<u>-</u>	13,000	12,927	73
Other expenditures	5,900	_	5,900	5,666	234
Total	197,171	-	197,171	187,072	10,099
COUNTY TREASURER					
Personnel	150,400	<u>-</u>	150,400	146,061	4,339
Software/hardware	19,180	<u>-</u>	19,180	11,277	7,903
Office supplies/printing/postage	6,357	<u>-</u>	6,357	6,418	(61)
Other expenditures	4,806	_	4,806	2,316	2,490
Total	180,743		180,743	166,072	14,671
· Star	100,740		100,740	100,072	17,071
RESTITUTION SPECIALIST	72,049	<u>-</u>	72,049	69,303	2,746

	Original	Budget	Final	Actual	Variance Positive
	Budget	Adjustments	Budget	Expenditures	(Negative)
COUNTY BUILDINGS	_	_			_
Personnel	238.135	_	238.135	207,942	30,193
Fuel oil	4,000	-	4,000	13	3,987
Cleaning	9,500	-	9,500	11,484	(1,984)
Grounds/snow removal	13,000	-	13,000	19,100	(6,100)
Repairs	26,000	-	26,000	26,812	(812)
Utilities	72,100	-	72,100	110,197	(38,097)
Software/hardware	4,400	-	4,400	4,330	70
Other expenditures	11,475	-	11,475	7,901	3,574
Total	378,610	-	378,610	387,779	(9,169)
HUMAN RESOURCES					
Human resources	5,100	-	5,100	4,337	763
Total	5,100	-	5,100	4,337	763
REGISTRY OF DEEDS					
Personnel	181,284	-	181,284	174,764	6,520
Microfilming	15,500	_	15,500	14,495	1,005
Office supplies/printing/postage	3,450	-	3,450	2,831	619
Telephone	750	-	750	714	36
Other expenditures	1,990	-	1,990	1,002	988
Total	202,974	-	202,974	193,806	9,168
REGISTRY OF PROBATE					
Personnel	145,707	-	145,707	145,257	450
Advertising	11,500	-	11,500	18,426	(6,926)
Attorney fees	22,000	-	22,000	22,563	(563)
Software/hardware	3,249	-	3,249	3,249	-
Office supplies/printing/postage	7,800	-	7,800	9,186	(1,386)
Insurance	2,233	-	2,233	2,310	(77)
Telephone	450	-	450	387	63
Repairs	500	-	500	-	500
Other expenditures	6,200	<u> </u>	6,200	3,798	2,402
Total	199,639	<u> </u>	199,639	205,176	(5,537)

					Variance
	Original	Budget	Final	Actual	Positive
_	Budget	Adjustments	Budget	Expenditures	(Negative)
AUDITING					
Audit services	12,500	_	12,500	11,300	1,200
Total	12,500		12,500	11,300	1,200
SHERIFF					<u> </u>
Personnel	1,513,600		1,513,600	1,467,823	45,777
		-			
Service contracts	18,000	-	18,000	21,671	(3,671)
Gas/oil/grease	54,000	-	54,000	62,834	(8,834)
Clothing/uniforms	19,000	-	19,000	18,253	747
Telephone/teletype	24,100	-	24,100	23,506	594
Communications	50,610	-	50,610	49,251	1,359
Automotive supplies	13,500	-	13,500	11,655	1,845
Software/hardware	12,500	-	12,500	11,880	620
Office supplies/printing/postage	5,900	-	5,900	5,374	526
Training/education	20,250	-	20,250	14,195	6,055
Repairs	36,500	-	36,500	30,357	6,143
Public safety	-	-	-	6,108	(6,108)
Vehicle	117,000	-	117,000	115,315	1,685
Other expenditures	27,725	-	27,725	28,505	(780)
Total	1,912,685	-	1,912,685	1,866,727	45,958
EXTENSION SERVICE				-	
Twin County Extension	51,154	_	51,154	51,154	_
Total	51,154		51,154	51,154	
10tai	31,134		31,134	31,134	
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS					
Health/dental insurance	1,810,000	-	1,810,000	1,973,894	(163,894)
Unemployment compensation	5,000	-	5,000	17	4,983
Retirement	365,000	-	365,000	413,677	(48,677)
Social security	292,745	-	292,745	370,959	(78,214)
Total	2,472,745	-	2,472,745	2,758,547	(285,802)

	0	D	F: 1	A I	Variance
<u>. </u>	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments	Final Budget	Actual Expenditures	Positive (Negative)
COMMUNICATIONS					
Personnel	715,340	-	715,340	688,024	27,316
Telephone/teletype	7,970	-	7,970	9,102	(1,132)
Repairs	5,500	-	5,500	5,021	479
Software/hardware	4,990	-	4,990	4,512	478
Office supplies/printing/postage	1,075	-	1,075	943	132
Communications	70,550	-	70,550	71,738	(1,188)
Other expenditures	26,975	-	26,975	22,187	4,788
Total	832,400	-	832,400	801,527	30,873
SOIL CONSERVATION					
Androscoggin Soil Conservation	14,000	-	14,000	10,500	3,500
Total	14,000	-	14,000	10,500	3,500
LAW ENFORCEMENT					
Death benefit	25,000	-	25,000	25,005	(5)
Totals	25,000	-	25,000	25,005	(5)
INSURANCES					
Auto/liability	49,500	-	49,500	40,467	9,033
Worker's compensation	55,500	_	55,500	59,684	(4,184)
Total	105,000	<u> </u>	105,000	100,151	4,849
EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY					
Personnel	185,350	_	185,350	169,442	15,908
Telephone	4,500	-	4,500	4,655	(155)
Utilities	8,025	-	8,025	7,969	` 56 [°]
Office supplies/printing/postage	2,250	-	2,250	3,422	(1,172)
Vehicle expenditures	950	-	950	13	937
Repairs	1,000	-	1,000	51	949
Other expenditures	4,125	-	4,125	2,765	1,360
Total	206,200	-	206,200	188,317	17,883

	Original	Dudget	Final	Actual	Variance Positive
	Original	Budget	Final	Actual	
	Budget	Adjustments	Budget	Expenditures	(Negative)
CIVIL PROCESS SERVICE					
Personnel	219,500	-	219,500	219,797	(297)
Gas, oil and grease	7,000	-	7,000	6,547	453
Repairs	5,000	-	5,000	2,703	2,297
Motor vehicle	7,500	-	7,500	7,500	-
Software/hardware	2,800	-	2,800	2,497	303
Office supplies/printing/postage	5,290	-	5,290	3,105	2,185
Other expenditures	13,100	-	13,100	8,707	4,393
Total	260,190		260,190	250,856	9,334
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY					
Personnel	66,000	-	66,000	63,266	2,734
Telephone	3,478	-	3,478	3,648	(170)
Repairs	3,750	-	3,750	1,738	2,012
Computer/software supplies	28,383	-	28,383	48,866	(20,483)
Other expenditures	19,500	-	19,500	26,868	(7,368)
Total	121,111	-	121,111	144,386	(23,275)
DEBT SERVICE					
TAN interest	60,000		60,000	22,261	37,739
Total	60,000		60,000	22,261	37,739

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments	Final Budget	Actual Expenditures	Variance Positive (Negative)
UNCLASSIFIED					
Western Maine Transportation Services	42,500	-	42,500	42,500	-
AVCOG	7,750		7,750	7,750	
Total	50,250		50,250	50,250	
TRANSFERS TO OTHER FUNDS					
Jail fund	7,621,094	-	7,621,09	5,050,433	2,570,661
Special revenue funds	17,400	-	17,400	17,400	-
Capital projects funds	46,000		46,000	46,000	
Total	7,684,494	<u> </u>	7,684,49	5,113,833	2,570,661
TOTAL DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS	\$ 15,861,630	\$ -	\$ 15,861,630	3 13,354,866	\$ 2,506,764

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds	 Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 44,119 477,248 521,367	\$ - 229,811 229,811	\$	44,119 707,059 751,178	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 37 296,409 296,446	\$ - -	\$	37 296,409 296,446	
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES	 - 501,876 - - (276,955) 224,921	- 229,811 - - - 229,811		731,687 - - (276,955) 454,732	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 521,367	\$ 229,811	\$	751,178	

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds	 Capital Projects Funds	al Nonmajor vernmental Funds
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$ 873,199	\$ -	\$ 873,199
Interest income TOTAL REVENUES	 129 873,328	1,974 1,974	 2,103 875,302
EXPENDITURES Program expenses TOTAL EXPENDITURES	810,068 810,068	<u>-</u>	 810,068 810,068
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 63,260	1,974	 65,234
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 17,400 - 17,400	 46,000 (100,000) (54,000)	63,400 (100,000) (36,600)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	80,660	(52,026)	28,634
FUND BALANCES - JANUARY 1	 144,261	 281,837	 426,098
FUND BALANCES - DECEMBER 31	\$ 224,921	\$ 229,811	\$ 454,732

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than fiduciary trusts or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

	Em	nemical ergency esponse	Probate urcharge	DARE	 Victim Advocate Grant	 Vellness Grant	Speed Grant	Click It or Ticket It	DA Trial ssistance Grant
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds	\$	7,874	\$ 22,913	\$ - 37	\$ -	\$ - 19,305	\$ -	\$ - 241	\$ - 12,247
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	7,874	\$ 22,913	\$ 37	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 19,305	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 241	\$ 12,247
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Due to other funds		15,401	11,612	-	38,403	-	2,641	-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		15,401	 11,612		38,403	 -	2,641		-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)									
Nonspendable		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted		-	11,301	37	-	19,305	-	241	12,247
Committed		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned		(7,527)	 -	 	 (38,403)	 -	 (2,641)	 <u> </u>	-
TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		(7,527)	11,301	 37	 (38,403)	 19,305	 (2,641)	 241	12,247
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND									
BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	7,874	\$ 22,913	\$ 37	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 19,305	\$ 	\$ 241	\$ 12,247

SCHEDULE D (CONTINUED)

COUNTY OF ANDROSCOGGIN, MAINE

	FEMA/ COVID	Se	Opiod ettlement	EMPG 18	 EMPG		EMPG-S COVID		COPS	racted g Grant	Law Enforcement Training
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds	\$ - 16,835	\$	- 134,888	\$ - 9,194	\$ -	\$	- -	\$	-	\$ - 2	\$ -
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 16,835	\$	134,888	\$ 9,194	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2	\$ -
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$ - -	\$	- -	\$ - -	\$ 15,197	\$	3,017	\$	- -	\$ - -	\$ - -
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 		-	 -	 15,197		3,017		-	 	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable Restricted	- 16,835		- 134,888	- 9,194	-		-		-	- 2	-
Committed Assigned Unassigned	-		-	-	- - (15,197)		- - (3,017)		-	- - -	- - -
TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	16,835		134,888	9,194	 (15,197)	_	(3,017)	_	-	2	_
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$ 16,835	\$	134,888	\$ 9,194	\$ -	\$		\$	-	\$ 2	\$ -

	MDEA						la							
	Agent		CDC 22	_	RE Grant		lomeland		CDC 40		ICDC 40	LICI	PG 20	SPG 21
	 ontract		SPG 22		RE GIAIII		Security		SPG 18		HSPG 19		PG 20	 3PG 21
ASSETS														
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Due from other funds	-		-		-		4,501		10,228		25,559		-	-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ -	\$		\$		\$	4,501	\$	10,228	\$	25,559	\$	-	\$
LIABILITIES														
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Due to other funds	1,399	•	27,995	•	1,532	·	-	•	-	•	-	·	-	16,530
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,399		27,995		1,532		-		-		-	-	-	16,530
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)														
Nonspendable	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-
Restricted	-		-		-		4,501		10,228		25,559		-	-
Committed	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-
Assigned	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-
Unassigned	(1,399)		(27,995)		(1,532)		-		-		-		-	 (16,530)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	 (1,399)		(27,995)		(1,532)		4,501		10,228		25,559		-	 (16,530)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND														
BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	4,501	\$	10,228	\$	25,559	\$	-	\$

		Misc Sheriff Grants		COPS		/lisc. IT Grant	M	IAT Grant		Energy Grant		Maine EDUL		Alcohol forcement		Traffic Safety	Co	ntingency
ASSETS	Φ.		Φ.		Φ.		Φ		Φ.		Φ.		Φ.	4 700	Φ		Φ.	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- 040	\$	1,798	\$	- 4 4 7 4	\$	400.000
Due from other funds		-	_		_			13,600				2,018		4 700	_	1,171		100,000
TOTAL ASSETS	<u> </u>		\$		\$		\$	13,600	\$	-	\$	2,018		1,798	\$	1,171	\$	100,000
LIABILITIES																		
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Due to other funds	Ψ	25,797	Ψ	93,637	Ψ	11,870	Ψ	_	Ψ	10,296	Ψ	_	Ψ	5	Ψ	_	Ψ	_
TOTAL LIABILITIES		25,797		93,637		11,870				10,296				<u>5</u>		_		
TO THE EIRDIETTEO		20,101		30,001		11,070				10,230								
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)																		
Nonspendable		-		_		-		-		-		-		-		_		-
Restricted		-		_		-		13,600		-		2,018		1,793		1,171		100,000
Committed		-		_		-				-				· -				
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		(25,797)		(93,637)		(11,870)		-		(10,296)		-		-		-		-
TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		(25,797)		(93,637)		(11,870)		13,600		(10,296)		2,018		1,793		1,171		100,000
TOTAL LIADILITIES AND ELIND																		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND	ф		¢.		¢		œ.	40.000	Φ		Φ.	0.040	•	4 700	Φ	4 474	¢	400.000
BALANCES (DEFICITS)	<u></u>	-					\$	13,600	\$		\$	2,018	\$	1,798	\$	1,171	\$	100,000

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	signated Surplus	rne/JAG irearms	ectronic onitoring	e Team uipment	F	Asset orfeiture	RSU #16 Contract	 Poland Patrol Contract	 OA Tech Grant	Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 3 -	\$ - 12,357 12,357	\$ 6,937 - 6,937	\$ 230	\$	4,364 8,056 12,420	\$ - - -	\$ 107,009 107,009	\$ - - -	\$ 44,119 477,248 521,367
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$	- - -	\$ 37 21,077 21,114	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 37 296,409 296,446
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	3 3	 12,357 - - - 12,357	 6,937 - - - - - - - - - - - -	230 230		12,420 - - - 12,420	- - - (21,114) (21,114)	 107,009 - - - 107,009	 - - - - -	501,876 - (276,955) 224,921
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$ 3	\$ 12,357	\$ 6,937	\$ 230	\$	12,420	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 107,009	\$ 	\$ 521,367

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Chemic Emerger Respon	су	Probate Surcharge	DARE	_	Victim Advocate Grant	Wellness Grant	Speed Grant	Click It or Ticket It	DA Trial Assistance Grant
REVENUES Intergovernmental Interest income TOTAL REVENUES		875 <u>-</u> 875	\$ 5,800 46 5,846	\$ - -		24,833	\$ 4,801 - 4,801	\$ 1,575 - 1,575	\$ -	\$ - -
EXPENDITURES Program expenses TOTAL EXPENDITURES		087 087	6,309 6,309			69,548 69,548	5,073 5,073	3,823 3,823		-
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(4	212)	(463)		_	(44,715)	(272)	(2,248)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING		-	- -			17,400	- -	-	-	-
SOURCES (USES) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	(4	<u>-</u> 212)	(463)		_	17,400 (27,315)	(272)	(2,248)		-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JANUARY 1		315)	11,764	37		(11,088)	19,577	(393)		12,247
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - DECEMBER 31	\$ (7	527)	\$ 11,301	\$ 37	<u>\$</u>	(38,403)	\$ 19,305	\$ (2,641)	\$ 241	\$ 12,247

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	EMA/	Opiod ettlement	IPG 8		EMPG	PG-S OVID	Distracted Driving Gran		Law Enforcement Training
REVENUES Intergovernmental Interest income	\$ - -	\$ 134,888	\$ - -	\$	- -	\$ - -	\$	- -	\$ 30,000
TOTAL REVENUES EXPENDITURES		134,888						_	30,000
Program expenses TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	<u>-</u>	-	_	<u>-</u> -	-		<u>-</u>	30,000
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		 134,888						_	<u>-</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out)	 - -	 - -	- -		- -	- -		- -	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 	 			<u>-</u>			_	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	-	134,888	-		-	-		-	-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JANUARY 1	 16,835	 <u>-</u>	 9,194		(15,197)	 (3,017)		2	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - DECEMBER 31	\$ 16,835	\$ 134,888	\$ 9,194	\$	(15,197)	\$ (3,017)	\$	2	\$ -

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	MDEA Agent Contrac		HSP	G 22	DRE	Grant		omeland Security	HSPG	S 18	<u>H</u>	ISPG 19	HSPG 20	<u></u>	HSPG 21
REVENUES															
Intergovernmental Interest income	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,559	\$	· \$	-
TOTAL REVENUES		_		-			_	-		-		25,559			
EXPENDITURES															
Program expenses		-		27,995		1,532		-		-		-			-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		-		27,995		1,532		-		-		-			-
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES			((27,995)		(1,532)		<u>-</u>		-		25,559		·	<u>-</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		-		-		-		-		-		-			-
Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>				-		<u> </u>		·	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		-	((27,995)		(1,532)		-		-		25,559			-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JANUARY 1	(1	,399)						4,501	1	0,228		-			(16,530)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - DECEMBER 31	\$ (1	,399)	\$ ((27,995)	\$	(1,532)	\$	4,501	\$ 1	0,228	\$	25,559	\$ -	\$	(16,530)

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	;	Misc Sheriff Grants	 COPS	Misc. IT Grant	<u>M</u>	AT Grant	Energy Grant	Maine EDUL		Alcohol Enforcement	Traffic Safety	Cor	ntingency
REVENUES													
Intergovernmental Interest income	\$	-	\$ 53,818		· \$	20,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
TOTAL REVENUES		-	 53,818		 	20,000	-		_	-	-		-
EXPENDITURES													
Program expenses		-	147,455			6,400	10,296		-	-	-		-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		-	147,455			6,400	10,296		-		-		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-	 (93,637)		<u>. </u>	13,600	(10,296)		_				<u>-</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		-	-			-	-		-	-	-		-
Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		-			· ·		<u> </u>		<u>-</u> <u>-</u>				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		-	(93,637)			13,600	(10,296)		-	-	-		-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JANUARY 1	-	(25,797)	 	(11,870	<u>)</u>			2,01	18	1,793	1,171		100,000
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - DECEMBER 31	\$	(25,797)	\$ (93,637)	\$ (11,870) \$	13,600	\$ (10,296)	\$ 2,01	18	\$ 1,793	\$ 1,171	\$	100,000

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Undesign Jail Surp		•	ne/JAG earms	Electronic Monitoring		Dive Team Equipment	F	Asset Forfeiture	RSU #1		Poland Patrol Contract	OA Tech Grant	Total
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	12,357	\$	-	\$ -	\$	8,998	\$ 52,3	239	\$ 462,344	\$ 16,112	\$ 873,199
Interest income TOTAL REVENUES		-		12,357		50 50	2		9,029	52,	239	 462,344	 16,112	 129 873,328
EXPENDITURES Program expenses		_		_		-	-		_	81,	051	380,387	16,112	810,068
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		-		-		Ξ.	-		-	81,		 380,387	16,112	810,068
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES				12,357		<u>50</u> _	2		9,029	(28,	<u>812)</u>	 81,957	 	 63,260
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out)		- -		- -		- -	- -				- -	 - -	- -	 17,400 -
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						<u>-</u>					_	 	 -	 17,400
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		-		12,357	!	50	2		9,029	(28,	812)	81,957	-	80,660
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JANUARY 1		3			6,8	87	228		3,391	7,	698	 25,052	-	144,261
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - DECEMBER 31	\$	3	\$	12,357	\$ 6,9	37	\$ 230	\$	12,420	\$ (21,	114)	\$ 107,009	\$ -	\$ 224,921

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment, other than those financed by proprietary or trust funds.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

		ilding ovement		acilities Truck		Office Juipment	County Capital		Sheriff's /ehicle	Total
ASSETS Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u> \$	5,482 5,482	<u>\$</u>	28,193 28,193	<u>\$</u> \$	22,392 22,392	\$ 115,615 \$ 115,615	<u>\$</u> \$	58,129 58,129	\$ 229,811 \$ 229,811
LIABILITIES Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	- -	\$ -	\$	- - -	\$ -
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES		5,482 - - - 5,482		28,193 - - - 28,193		- 22,392 - - - 22,392	- 115,615 - - - 115,615		58,129 - - - 58,129	- 229,811 - - - 229,811
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	5,482	\$	28,193	\$	22,392	<u>\$ 115,615</u>	\$	58,129	\$ 229,811

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	uilding ovement	acilities Truck	Office uipment	County Capital	Sheriff's /ehicle	Total
REVENUES Interest income TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 38 38	\$ 142 142	\$ 157 157	\$ 1,508 1,508	\$ 129 129	\$ 1,974 1,974
EXPENDITURES Program expenses TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 38	142	157	 1,508	129	1,974
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 - - -	 8,000 - 8,000	 - - -	 - (100,000) (100,000)	38,000	 46,000 (100,000) (54,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	38	8,142	157	(98,492)	38,129	(52,026)
FUND BALANCES - JANUARY 1	5,444	20,051	 22,235	 214,107	 20,000	 281,837
FUND BALANCES - DECEMBER 31	\$ 5,482	\$ 28,193	\$ 22,392	\$ 115,615	\$ 58,129	\$ 229,811

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the County of Androscoggin, Maine as an agent for individuals, private organizations or other governmental units. These funds have been established for the provisions of the Inmate Benefit Account and the Restitution Account.

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS CUSTODIAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Inmate		
	Benefit	Restitution	
	Account	Account	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 348,275	\$ 15,889	\$ 364,164
Due from other governments	293,022	721,161	1,014,183
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 641,297	\$ 737,050	\$ 1,378,347
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 26,650	\$ -	\$ 26,650
TOTAL LIABILITIES	26,650		26,650
NET POSITION			
Restricted	614,647	737,050	1,351,697
TOTAL NET POSITION	614,647	737,050	1,351,697
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 641,297	\$ 737,050	\$ 1,378,347

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Inmate Benefit Account	Restitution Account	Total	
REVENUE				
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ 179,535	\$ 179,535	
Interest income	-	92	92	
Other	309,388		309,388	
TOTAL REVENUE	309,388	179,627	489,015	
EXPENSE Program charges	272,552	208,913	481,465	
TOTAL EXPENSE	272,552	208,913	481,465	
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION	36,836	(29,286)	7,550	
NET POSITION, JANUARY 1	577,811	766,336	1,344,147	
NET POSITION, DECEMBER 31	\$ 614,647	\$ 737,050	\$ 1,351,697	

General Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets related to activities reported in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position.

SCHEDULE OF GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Land and Buildings, Non-depreciable Building Improvements		Furniture, Fixtures,					
		Assets	ssets and Land Improvements Equipment and Vehicles			Total		
Jail	\$	-	\$	9,016,628	\$	555,615	\$	9,572,243
Sheriff's Department		-		3,168,851		2,197,333		5,366,184
District Attorney		-		-		8,453		8,453
County-wide		2,199,600		2,615,274		636,069		5,450,943
Total General Capital Assets		2,199,600		14,800,753		3,397,470		20,397,823
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		-		(11,509,766)		(2,114,154)	(13,623,920)
Net General Capital Assets	\$	2,199,600	\$	3,290,987	\$	1,283,316	\$	6,773,903

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	General Capital Assets 1/1/22	Additions	Disposals	General Capital Assets 12/31/22
Jail	\$ 9,572,243	\$ -	_	\$ 9,572,243
Sheriff's department	2,094,057	3,272,127	_	5,366,184
District attorney	8,453	-	-	8,453
County-wide	3,986,139	1,464,804		5,450,943
Total General Capital Assets	15,660,892	4,736,931	-	20,397,823
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	_(13,127,898)	(496,022)		(13,623,920)
Net General Capital Assets	\$ 2,532,994	\$ 4,240,909	\$ -	\$ 6,773,903

Federal Compliance

Federal compliance includes financial information and reports that are required in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and/or the *Uniform Guidance* in accordance with 2 CFR § 515. Such financial information and reports include:

- Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
- Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
- Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards
- Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance or Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
- Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Federal AL Number	Pass-Through Grantor Number	Federal Expenditures	Expenditures to Subrecipients
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Passed through Maine Emergency Management Agency in the Department of Defense and Veteran's Services Interagency Hazardous Materials Pubic Sector Training and Planning Grants	20.703	693JK31940019HMEP	\$ 22,207	<u>\$</u> -
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			22,207	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY Direct Programs Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	N/A	6,474,295	687,200
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			6,474,295	687,200
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY Passed through Federal Emergency Management Agency and Maine Emergency Management Agency in the Department of Defense and Veteran's Services				
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	CT 20200819*0544	201,912	-
Homeland Security Grant Program - HSGP 18	97.067	CT 20180820*0601	11,952	-
Homeland Security Grant Program - HSGP 19	97.067	CT 20190723*0239	14,401	-
Homeland Security Grant Program - HSGP 20	97.067	CT 20200820*0630	11,491	-
Homeland Security Grant Program - HSGP 21	97.067	CT 202109270*0808	16,530	
			54,374	
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			256,286	
Total Federal Assistance			\$ 6,752,788	\$ 687,200

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the County of Androscoggin, Maine under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Androscoggin, Maine, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets or cash flows of the County of Androscoggin, Maine.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- a. Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- b. The County of Androscoggin, Maine has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

3. Expenditures to Subrecipients

Subrecipient	ALN	Expenditures to Subrecipients	
Journey House	21.027	\$	10,000
Town of Leeds, Maine	21.027		300,000
SafeVoices	21.027		150,000
Town of Minot Broadband	21.027		188,000
Historical Society	21.027		6,700
REST Center	21.027		20,000
Literacy Volunteers - Androscoggin	21.027		12,500
		\$	687,200



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Commissioners County of Androscoggin Auburn, Maine

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Androscoggin, Maine, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Androscoggin, Maine's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 29, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Androscoggin, Maine's internal control over financial reporting to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Androscoggin, Maine's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Androscoggin, Maine's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Androscoggin, Maine's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards. We noted certain other matters that we reported to management of the County of Androscoggin, Maine in a separate letter dated September 29, 2023.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Buxton, Maine

September 29, 2023

RHR Smith & Company



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Commissioners County of Androscoggin Auburn, Maine

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Unmodified Opinion

We have audited the County of Androscoggin, Maine's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County of Androscoggin, Maine's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. the County of Androscoggin, Maine's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Unmodified Opinion on Each of the Other Major Federal Programs

In our opinion, the County of Androscoggin, Maine complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Unmodified Opinion

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County of Androscoggin, Maine and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Androscoggin,

Maine's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County of Androscoggin, Maine's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error and express an opinion on the County of Androscoggin, Maine's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County of Androscoggin, Maine's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud
 or error and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the
 County of Androscoggin, Maine's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we
 considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the County of Androscoggin, Maine's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Androscoggin, Maine's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibility section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the County of Androscoggin, Maine's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. the County of Androscoggin, Maine's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Buxton, Maine

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COUNTY OF ANDROSCOGGIN, MAINE SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

 Financial Statements Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? __ yes <u>__ X</u>__ no Significant deficiency(ies) identified? ____ yes X_ no Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? X no yes Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? __yes <u>X</u>_ no Significant deficiency(ies) identified? yes X no Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with §200.516 of Uniform Guidance? yes X no Identification of major programs: Name of Federal Program or Cluster AL Numbers 21.027 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and B: \$750,000 ____ yes X no Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III - Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

None